

Table 2. Numbers of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses (in thousands) by selected industries and case types, Wyoming, 2024

Industry ¹	NAICS code ²	Total recordable cases	Cases with days away from work, job transfer, or restriction			Other recordable cases
			Total	Cases with days away from work ³	Cases with job transfer or restriction	
All industries including state and local government⁴		5.8	2.8	2.1	0.7	3.0
Private industry⁴		4.3	2.3	1.6	0.6	2.0
Goods-producing⁴		0.9	0.6	0.4	0.1	0.3
Support activities for mining	213	0.1	0.1	0.1	(⁸)	(⁸)
Construction		0.4	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.1
Specialty trade contractors	238	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1
Manufacturing		0.2	0.1	0.1	(⁸)	0.1
Service providing		3.4	1.7	1.2	0.5	1.7
Trade transportation and utilities		1.1	0.6	0.4	0.2	0.5
Retail trade		0.6	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.3
Transportation and warehousing⁷		0.3	0.2	0.2	(⁸)	0.1
Educational and health services		0.8	0.4	0.3	0.1	0.4
Health care and social assistance		0.7	0.4	0.3	0.1	0.3
Ambulatory health care services	621	0.2	0.1	0.1	--	--
Hospitals	622	0.2	0.1	0.1	--	0.1
Nursing and residential care facilities	623	0.2	0.1	0.1	(⁸)	0.1
Social assistance	624	0.1	0.1	(⁸)	--	0.1
Leisure and hospitality		0.8	0.4	0.3	0.1	0.4
Accommodation and food services		0.7	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.4
Accommodation	721	0.4	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.2
Food services and drinking places	722	0.3	0.1	0.1	--	0.2
State and local government⁴		1.5	0.5	0.4	0.1	0.9
State government⁴		0.2	0.1	0.1	(⁸)	0.1
Service providing		0.2	0.1	0.1	(⁸)	0.1
Public administration		0.2	0.1	(⁸)	--	0.1
Local government⁴		1.2	0.4	0.4	0.1	0.8
Service providing		1.2	0.4	0.4	0.1	0.8
Educational and health services		0.7	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.4
Educational services		0.3	0.2	0.1	--	0.2
Educational services	611	0.3	0.2	0.1	--	0.2
Health care and social assistance		0.4	0.1	0.1	(⁸)	0.3

Hospitals	622	0.3	0.1	0.1	(⁸)	0.2
Nursing and residential care facilities	623	(⁸)	--	--	--	--
Public administration		0.5	0.2	0.1	(⁸)	0.3
Public administration		0.5	0.2	0.1	(⁸)	0.3

¹ Totals include data for industries not shown separately.

² Data are coded using the North American Industry Classification System (NAICS). For more information on the version of NAICS used in this year, see our Handbook of Methods concepts page: <https://www.bls.gov/opub/hom/soii/concepts.htm>.

³ Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

⁴ Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

⁵ Data for Mining (Sector 21 in the North American Industry Classification System) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in oil and gas extraction and related support activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore, estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates of other industries.

⁶ Data for mining operators in this industry are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

⁷ Data for employers in rail transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation. The scope of the data published in the SOII differs from the scope of the data published by the FRA. For more information on differences see the SOII Handbook of Methods Data Concepts page: <https://www.bls.gov/opub/hom/soii/data.htm>.

⁸ Data too small to be displayed.