Wyoming Growing and Declining Industries Report

Second Quarter 2022

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Published November 8, 2022





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Published November 8, 2022.

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Growing and Declining Industries: https://doe.state.wy.us/LMI/G_DInd/G_D_Industries.htm **URL for this report:** https://doe.state.wy.us/LMI/G_DInd/Report_22Q2.pdf

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Research & Planning (R&P) functions as an exclusively statistical entity within the Wyoming Department of Workforce Services. R&P collects, analyzes, and publishes timely and accurate labor market information (LMI) meeting established statistical standards. We work to make the labor market more efficient by providing the public and the public's

based, informed decision making.

representatives with the information needed for evidence-

Wyoming Growing and Declining Industries Report, 2022Q2

by: Laura Yetter, Senior Economist

Agrowing or declining industry is defined as an industry's employment level increasing or decreasing for two consecutive quarters by 5% or more compared to the prior the year. For example, all industries that grew or declined in employment by at least 5% from first quarter 2021 to first quarter 2022 (2021Q1 to 2022Q1) and subsequently from second quarter 2021 to second quarter 2022 (2021Q1 to 2022Q2) were included in the respective tables in this report.

Industries are defined by the North American Industry Classification System (NAICS). For this research, growing and declining industries were determined at the three-digit subsector level. For more information on NAICS, please see https://www.census.gov/naics/.

The database used to generate this information was the Quarterly Census of Employment and Wages (QCEW) file, which has roughly a half-year time lag from the distribution of this report. Growing and declining industry information is updated every quarter when new QCEW data become available. Only subsectors with employment sizes of 100 or more are included in these lists. Consequently, while employment in other industries may meet the growth criteria, that growth is taking place in industries with employment of less than 100.

Wyoming had 16 growing industries in 2022Q2, which accounted for 21.9% of all industries and 17.5% of the state's total employment (see Table 3 and Figure 2, page 9). For example, on the growing industries table (see Table 1, pages 5-6), average

Growing and Declining Industries

Historical growing and declining industry data for Wyoming are now available online at https://doe.state.wy.us/LMI/G_DInd/G_D_Industries.htm

monthly employment for support activities for mining grew by 21.6% (1,053 jobs) from 2021Q1 to 2022Q1 and by 19.6% (1,018 jobs) from 2021Q2 to 2022Q2, thus qualifying as a growing industry in 2022Q2 with an average over-the-year change of 20.6%. Other examples of growing industries in 2022Q2 included computer & electronic product manufacturing (37.9% average over-the-year change), motion picture & sound recording industries (28.0%), and miscellaneous manufacturing (25.4%).

The declining industry table (see Table 2, page 7) reads the same way, except with negative changes, and therefore, declining industries. There were six declining industries in 2022Q2, which made up 8.2% of all industries and 1.6% of the state's total employment. For example, agriculture & forestry support activities decreased by 17.5% (-39 jobs) over the year in 2022Q1 and 10.4% (-30 jobs) over the year in 2022Q2, with an average over-theyear change of -14.0%. Other examples of declining industries included pipeline transportation (-9.3% average change), petroleum & coal products manufacturing (-8.9%), and private households (-8.8%).

The average weekly wage is calculated by dividing total wages for a particular subsector by the total number of jobs and the number of weeks in the observed quarter. In 2022Q2, the average weekly wage was \$1,367 for growing industries and \$1,607 for declining industries (see Table 3 and Figure 3, page 9). Overall, the state's average weekly wage for 2022Q2 was \$1,078.

During periods of economic expansion, the number of growing industries is much greater than the number of declining industries (see Figure 1). For example, Wyoming had 26 growing industries 2006Q3 and 2006Q4, compared to three and five declining industries, respectively.

But during economic downturns, there

are far more declining industries than growing industries. R&P has defined an economic downturn as a period of at least two consecutive quarters of overthe-year decrease in average monthly employment and total wages based on data from the OCEW. Over the last 20 years, Wyoming has experienced three periods of economic downturn: 2009Q1-2010Q1, 2015Q2-2016Q4, and 202002-202101. During the most recent economic downturn, which was driven by the COVID-19 pandemic and declining energy prices, Wyoming had 37 declining industries in 2020Q3 compared to just three growing industries.

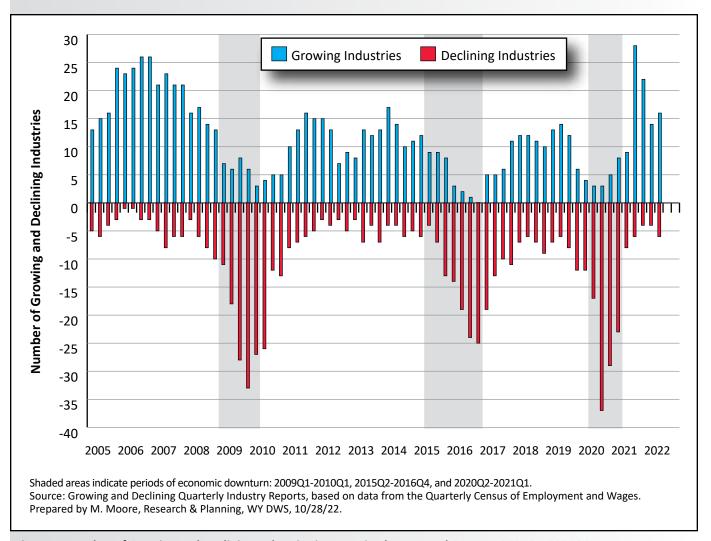


Figure 1: Number of Growing and Declining Industries in Wyoming by Year and Quarter, 2005Q1-2022Q2

| | | Employment (Current Quarter) | | | Emplo | yment (I | Prior Qua | Growing Industries | | | | |
|---|--------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--------|-----------------|-------|----------|-----------|--------------------|------|--------------|----------------|---------------------------|
| | | | | Over-th Char | | | | Over-th Chai | | Aver Char | | |
| Subsectora (3-Digit NAICS ^b) | Sector (2-Digit NAICS) | 2022Q2 | 2021Q2 | N | % | 2022Q1 | 2021Q1 | N | % | N | % ^c | Average Weekly Wage |
| Mining, Except Oil & Gas (212) | Mining (21) | 7,616 | 7,067 | 549 | 7.8 | 7,463 | 7,093 | 370 | 5.2 | 460 | 6.5 | \$1,923 |
| Support Activities For Mining (213) | Mining (21) | 6,225 | 5,207 | 1,018 | 19.6 | 5,938 | 4,885 | 1,053 | 21.6 | 1,036 | 20.6 | \$1,613 |
| Beverage & Tobacco Product Mfg. (312) | Manufac- turing (31- 33) | 535 | 502 | 33 | 6.6 | 510 | 471 | 39 | 8.3 | 36 | 7.4 | \$908 |
| Plastics & Rubber Products Mfg. (326) | Manufac- turing (31- 33) | 384 | 356 | 28 | 7.9 | 395 | 322 | 73 | 22.7 | 51 | 15.3 | \$825 |
| Primary Metal Mfg. (331) | Manufac- turing (31- 33) | 128 | 114 | 14 | 12.3 | 130 | 117 | 13 | 11.1 | 14 | 11.7 | \$1,420 |
| Fabricated Metal Product Mfg. (332) | Manufac- turing (31- 33) | 1,767 | 1,629 | 138 | 8.5 | 1,708 | 1,597 | 111 | 7.0 | 125 | 7.7 | \$1,196 |
| Machinery Mfg. (333) | Manufac- turing (31- 33) | 668 | 627 | 41 | 6.5 | 656 | 622 | 34 | 5.5 | 38 | 6.0 | \$1,132 |
| Computer & Electronic Product Mfg. (334) | Manufacturing (31-33) | 341 | 267 | 74 | 27.7 | 326 | 220 | 106 | 48.2 | 90 | 37.9 | \$1,186 |
| Electrical Equipment & Appliance Mfg. (335) | Manufac- turing (31- 33) | 381 | 354 | 27 | 7.6 | 365 | 341 | 24 | 7.0 | 26 | 7.3 | \$1,232 |
| Miscellaneous Mfg. (339) | Manufac- turing (31- 33) | 192 | 146 | 46 | 31.5 | 167 | 140 | 27 | 19.3 | 37 | 25.4 | \$752 |
| Motion Picture & Sound Recording Industries (512) | Information (51) | 399 | 310 | 89 | 28.7 | 363 | 285 | 78 | 27.4 | 84 | 28.0 | \$374 |

^aIncludes both public & privately owned firms.

cThe percentage for average change is the employment-weighted average percentage change of the current & prior quarters (employment change current quarter + employment change prior quarter) divided by the employment for the current & prior quarters (employment current quarter + employment prior quarter).

Source: Quarterly Census of Employment & Wages.

The average weekly wage is calculated by dividing the total wage for the industry group by the total number of jobs for the industry group & the number of weeks in the observed quarter. Please be aware that average weekly wages at the industry group level are suceptible to wage bias due to sample size, occupational distributions, seasonal pay & bonuses, & keying error.

Prepared by L. Yetter and M. Moore, Research & Planning, WY DWS, 10/18/22.

(Table continued on page 6)

^bNorth American Industry Classification System.

(Text continued from page 5)

Table 1: Growing Industries Report for Wyoming, Second Quarter 2022a

| | | Employment (Current Quarter) | | | Employment (Prior Quarter) | | | | Growing Industries | | | |
|--|--|-------------------------------------|--------|-----------------|----------------------------|--------|--------|-----------------|--------------------|--------------|----------------|---------------------------|
| | | | | Over-th Char | | | | Over-th Chai | | Aver Chai | | |
| Subsectora (3-Digit NAICS ^b) | Sector (2-Digit NAICS) | 2022Q2 | 2021Q2 | N | % | 2022Q1 | 2021Q1 | N | % | N | % ^c | Average Weekly Wage |
| Securities, Commodity Contracts, Investments (523) | Finance & Insurance (52) | 695 | 633 | 62 | 9.8 | 678 | 612 | 66 | 10.8 | 64 | 10.3 | \$3,554 |
| Professional & Technical Services (541) | Professional & Technical Services (54) | 10,712 | 10,061 | 651 | 6.5 | 10,376 | 9,707 | 669 | 6.9 | 660 | 6.7 | \$1,479 |
| Management Of Companies & Enterprises (551) | Mgmt. Of Companies & Enter- prises (55) | 933 | 834 | 99 | 11.9 | 906 | 771 | 135 | 17.5 | 117 | 14.7 | \$4,736 |
| Waste Management & Remediation Services (562) | Admin. & Waste Services (56) | 933 | 843 | 90 | 10.7 | 866 | 809 | 57 | 7.0 | 74 | 8.9 | \$1,049 |
| Accom- modation (721) | Accom- modation & Food Svcs. (72) | 12,465 | 11,603 | 862 | 7.4 | 10,688 | 9,771 | 917 | 9.4 | 890 | 8.4 | \$582 |
| Total | Total | 44,367 | 40,548 | 3,819 | 9.4 | 41,530 | 37,760 | 3,770 | 10.0 | 3,795 | 9.7 | \$1,367 |

^aIncludes both public & privately owned firms.

cThe percentage for average change is the employment-weighted average percentage change of the current & prior quarters (employment change current quarter + employment change prior quarter) divided by the employment for the current & prior quarters (employment current quarter + employment prior quarter).

Source: Quarterly Census of Employment & Wages.

The average weekly wage is calculated by dividing the total wage for the industry group by the total number of jobs for the industry group & the number of weeks in the observed quarter. Please be aware that average weekly wages at the industry group level are suceptible to wage bias due to sample size, occupational distributions, seasonal pay & bonuses, & keying error.

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^bNorth American Industry Classification System.

| Table 2: Declining Industries Report for Wyoming, Second Quarter 2022 ^a | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|---|-------------------------------------|--------|-------------------------|-------|----------|---------------------|----------------------|-------|------|----------------|---------------------------|
| | | Employment (Current Quarter) | | | Emplo | yment (F | Prior Qu | Declining Industries | | | | |
| | | | | Over-the-Year Change | | | Over-the- Change | | | | | |
| Subsectora (3-Digit NAICSb) | Sector (2-Digit NAICS) | 2022Q2 | 2021Q2 | N | % | 2022Q1 | 2021Q1 | N | % | N | % ^c | Average Weekly Wage |
| Agriculture & Forestry Support Activities (115) | Agriculture, Forestry, Fishing & Hunting (11) | 258 | 288 | -30 | -10.4 | 184 | 223 | -39 | -17.5 | -35 | -14.0 | \$753 |
| Petroleum & Coal Products Manufacturing (324) | Manufac- turing (31- 33) | 1,073 | 1,147 | -74 | -6.5 | 1,054 | 1,188 | -134 | -11.3 | -104 | -8.9 | \$2,382 |
| Pipeline Transportation (486) | Trans- portation & Ware- housing (48-49) | 767 | 839 | -72 | -8.6 | 761 | 846 | -85 | -10.0 | -79 | -9.3 | \$1,966 |
| Other Information Services (519) | Information (51) | 537 | 586 | -49 | -8.4 | 525 | 574 | -49 | -8.5 | -49 | -8.4 | \$695 |
| Private Households (814) | Other Services, Except Public Admin. (81) | 272 | 304 | -32 | -10.5 | 278 | 299 | -21 | -7.0 | -27 | -8.8 | \$784 |
| National Security & International Affairs (928) | Public Admin. (92) | 1,223 | 1,289 | -66 | -5.1 | 1,246 | 1,324 | -78 | -5.9 | -72 | -5.5 | \$1,467 |
| Total | Total | 4,129 | 4,451 | -322 | -7.2 | 4,047 | 4,453 | -406 | -9.1 | -364 | -8.2 | \$1,607 |

^aIncludes both public & privately owned firms.

cThe percentage for average change is the employment-weighted average percentage change of the current & prior quarters (employment change current quarter + employment change prior quarter) divided by the employment for the current & prior quarters (employment current quarter + employment prior quarter).

Source: Quarterly Census of Employment & Wages.

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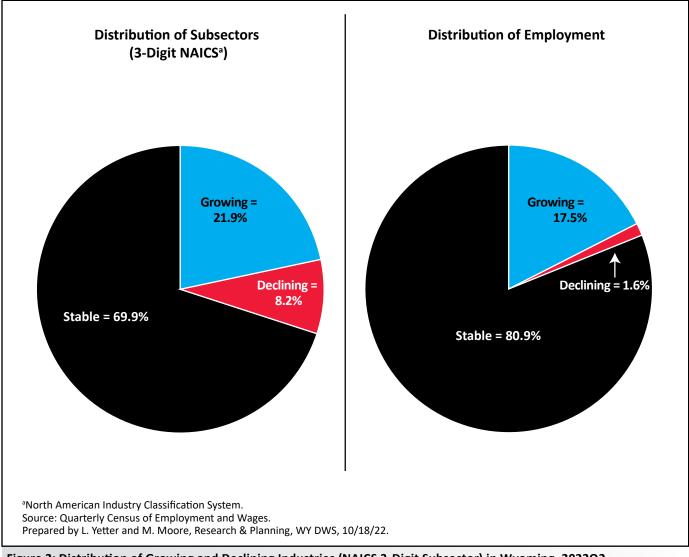


Figure 2: Distribution of Growing and Declining Industries (NAICS 3-Digit Subsector) in Wyoming, 2022Q2

Table 3: Distribution of Sectors and Employment by Growing/Declining Status in Wyoming, 2022Q2

| | | ectors t NAICS) | Employ | | |
|-----------|-----|--------------------|---------|-------|---------------------------|
| Status | N % | | N | % | Average Weekly Wage |
| Growing | 16 | 21.9 | 44,374 | 17.5 | \$1,367 |
| Declining | 6 | 8.2 | 4,130 | 1.6 | \$1,607 |
| Stable | 51 | 69.9 | 205,608 | 80.9 | \$1,005 |
| Total | 73 | 100.0 | 254,112 | 100.0 | \$1,078 |

Source: Quarterly Census of Employment and Wages. Prepared by L. Yetter and M. Moore, Research & Planning, WY DWS, 10/18/22.

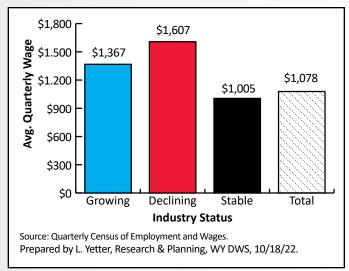


Figure 3: Average Weekly Wage of Growing and Declining Industries in Wyoming, 2022Q2



This publication was produced by the Research & Planning section of the Wyoming Department of Workforce Services.

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